Building Bridges to Careers Community Meeting September 12, 2019

Comments are listed under each question.

1. How does a person know or show that they possess the six competencies?

Communications - intentional in classroom

Soft skills - critical (measurable - starting early)

Credentiality of kind to get skills verification

Attendance is graded - teamwork initiative

Angela Duckworth - GRIT

Parental education

Awareness! Need to know these are valued

Are we defined by our GRIT?

Monthly Educations: Awareness - vested interest as why

Cultural change

Model person to train

Adult expectations

Follow through

Allowed to fail/succeed. It can be fixed.

- What checks and balances do you have to see if you are on track
- Honesty. Most really want the truth
- Quality feedback
- Coaching along the way to self evaluate

Honest evaluators with worker willingness to improve weaknesses

Creak problem solving opportunities for students to demonstrate their abilities.

 Focus on group or team opportunities where students can fulfill different roles and demonstrate ability to work together as a group with diverse background/knowledge

Know how to win & lose - be able to take reasonable, calculated risks

Demonstrate during internships and other "on the job" opportunities (e.g. clinical rotations, shadowing, etc.)

Assessment individually generally

- Our ranking residential: empathetic, communications, adaptable, problem solvers, responsible, critical thinking

Behavioral based interviewing

- Commercial: problem solver, critical thinker, adaptable, communication, responsible, empathy

Generally must assess individually

Problem solver

- Force verbal / face to face communication
- Group presentations

Teach perseverance and failure is ok

Calculated risk is ok - failure is ok if you carefully considered fundamentals

Coachability - problems with feedback

Personality, attitude, trainable/coachability to reach the six criteria

Even if show in interview / may not appear on the job

Mock interviews with questions on those six competencies

Students take interviewing as "boasting". What should I say? How do I <u>articulate</u> in an interview setting?

How can I build confidence? Self esteem?

Design portfolios / expand vocabulary

Guided discussions

Formal communication practice

How do I fail? How do I handle feedback? Criticism? How do I recover?

How they act interview - communication

Resumes, cover letters, grammar, spelling

Following directions - willing to take direction

Responsibility

Confidence

Articulation

Dress for success

Relate to adults, speaking respectfully

Common courtesy

2. What opportunities can be used for young people to build these competencies in school and in the community? (Are there some that already exist that just need to be connected to the Portrait? Do we need to create opportunities for the competencies that are harder to identify?)

Build competencies - BB2C a key asset - inclusion comprehensive

Job shadowing 10th grade - what does this look like today? How do we widen net of competency showcases for kids today?

Working alongside vs. observing from behind

Part time jobs

Internships

Job shadowing

Service organizations

Someone besides school - activities

Performances in front of others - athletics, recitals, etc.

There are many ways to find a high quality of life that is not college - apprenticeships, tech schools

Retraining after "life happens" and the courage to go forward

Attendance is important

Parental involvement in developing these competencies - don't do it for them. Help them think for themselves and learn from failure. Be able to admit failure and see it as an opportunity Community institutions like Little League - go back to winning and losing - it teaches a lot.

Practice the skills Job shadowing Actual social interaction Internships

Problem solving Real world applications

Brain storming Exploratory

Push through the "stall point" Problem based learning

Start career research opportunities earlier.

Take things out of education students need for life skills, assume they're taught at home

How do we train the parents?

Redefining the definition of CTE / AgEd

Coaches can use this to give feedback using the competencies

Can't teach - need to let it "accidently" happen

Hold them <u>accountable</u>, delayed gratification

Capstone / internship required for students

Repetitive work, starting at the bottom - okay

"Late work" - failure

More businesses in <u>class</u> - teaching that content, problem-based learning, here's why it matters

Volunteer

Real community service

Job shadowing, internships

Mock interviews

Problem based learning

Hands on learning

Move beyond classroom

Technology can be an impairment

Challenge students

Start early with young kids

Extracurricular activities are important (sense of community / sense of belonging): speech class, problem based learning, athletics, band, choir, FFA, 4-H, Scouting, mock trial, MUN, Science Olympiad, HPAC

3. What are some next steps that any organization can take to move from Portrait to practice? (What does this practice look like? How would it be communicated?)

Implement problem based learning. Require speech class. Require "Service" - volunteering Mock interviews - go out in community. Start career research earlier. Interview questions and writing prompts.

Use this vocabulary with a purpose in schools.

As a department - what does this relate/mean in social studies, math

Pair standards with vocab/competencies

Problem based learning

Businesses involved

Require Capstone and internship

How overcome student behaviour/trauma

Parents reinforce (Resilience - not using bad homelife as an excuse)

Moe businesses

What is the trend, what is the skill now

People losing - doesn't reflect lack of empathy

Whole circle = work keys, Kolb's model, reflection

Internships: give real time feedback on the Portrait skills - feedback from businesses to schools on what we are seeing. Schools incorporate more opportunities to learn the Portrait skills.

Parents have to understand the Portrait and change their mindset of their role and what their kids need to possess to be more employable.

Have 45-60 age group mentor the younger ones

Be willing to accept unskilled workers who are willing to learn (to work alongside you)

Students must be partnered with those outside traditional education

Networking

Organizations demonstrate examples of the characteristics in their workplace and give students chance to show how they do these types of things in their own life.